

Bài tập tiếng Anh lớp 6 Chương trình mới Unit 4: My Neighbourhood

VnDoc.com xin chia sẻ các bài tập kèm theo Tiếng Anh 6 thí điểm. Các bài tập được chia theo các đơn vị bài học tương ứng như trong Sách giáo khoa Tiếng Anh 6 thí điểm hiện hành. Tài liệu gồm rất nhiều dạng bài tập hay và hữu ích giúp các em ôn luyện và củng cố kiến thức hiệu quả. Sau đây mời các em cùng làm bài Bài tập tiếng Anh lớp 6 Chương trình mới Unit 4: My Neighbourhood nhé!

Unit**4****MY NEIGHBOURHOOD****A****PHONETICS**

1 Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined. Say the words aloud.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>ad</u> vise | B. <u>pr</u> ice | C. <u>n</u> ice | D. <u>pol</u> ice |
| 2. A. <u>ex</u> press | B. <u>ex</u> citing | C. <u>ex</u> pensive | D. <u>ex</u> cellent |
| 3. A. <u>co</u> ffee | B. <u>s</u> ee | C. <u>a</u> gree | D. <u>f</u> ree |
| 4. A. <u>c</u> ity | B. <u>ca</u> thedral | C. <u>c</u> entral | D. <u>c</u> inema |
| 5. A. <u>t</u> reat | B. <u>c</u> lean | C. <u>g</u> reat | D. <u>b</u> each |

2 Give the names of the following pictures, then read the words aloud (the first letter of each word is given).



1. b _____



2. s _____



3. t _____



4. s _____



5. c _____

B**VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR**

1 Find one odd word A, B, C, or D. Then read them aloud.

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. A. grocery | B. restaurant | C. café | D. cathedral |
| 2. A. better | B. smaller | C. worker | D. hotter |

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| 3. A. sweet | B. bread | C. cake | D. coffee |
| 4. A. baker | B. grocer | C. neighbour | D. barber |
| 5. A. factory | B. park | C. theatre | D. cinema |

2 What are these places? Write the words in the spaces.

Example: It is a place where we go to walk, play and relax. (It is) a park.

- It is a place where we go to buy stamps or send letters. _____
- It is a place where we borrow books. _____
- It is a place where we watch a film. _____
- It is a place where we can look at paintings. _____
- It is a place where they sell medicines, soap and make-up. _____

3 Fill each blank with one word from the box.

cheap noisy fantastic boring modern inconvenient



E.g. Big cities are often very noisy, but Da Nang is quiet.



1. There are _____ views from the top of the tower.



2. Life in Ha Noi is never _____. There are a lot of things to do and see there.



3. In London, we often buy _____ things from the street markets.



4. There are a lot of _____ office buildings in the centre of Ho Chi Minh City.



5. The new railway station is _____ for us because it's very far from the city centre.

4 Write sentences, using the comparative form of the adjectives.

Example: Son/tall/Hung.

Son is taller than Hung.

1. Mai/intelligent/Kien.

2. My brother/strong/my sister.

3. My school/big/my brother's school.

4. Life in the city/exciting/life in the countryside.

5. Peter's exam results/bad/Nick's exam results.



5 Complete the sentences with the correct comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

bad

cold

important

dangerous

good

1. It's _____ in the north of Viet Nam than in the south.

2. Is a snake _____ than a dog?

3. Doing our homework is _____ than reading a novel.

4. She's not very happy. Her exam results are _____ than her sister's.

5. Let's go to Da Lat. The weather's _____ there than that in Ho Chi Minh City.

6 Complete the sentences with the phrases in the box to make comparisons.

she was a child

than it was when I bought it

than he used to be

than ten years ago

than I was before

1. My brother is more confident _____.

2. My watch is much older _____.

3. She is more attractive than when _____.

4. I'm happier in my new school _____.

5. Fewer people own a bicycle now _____.

7 Write sentences comparing the two cars. Use the comparative form of the adjectives in the box.

expensive

fast

heavy

long

fashionable

economical

CHIVALRY ▶

\$120,000,000

1,600 kg

350 km/h

3.8 m

8 km per litre



Minuses ▶

\$20,000,000

600 kg

220 km/h

2.5 m

15 km per litre



Example: The Chivalry is longer than the Minuses.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

C

SPEAKING

1 Look at the map and complete the following dialogues. Then practise them with a partner.

1. A: Can you tell me the way to the post office?

B:

2. A: ?

B: Yes, there is one on Nguyen Du Street. First go straight, then turn left. It's on your right.

3. A: Excuse me, is there a bank near here?

B:

4. A: ?

B: First take the second turning on your left. Then keep straight. It's on your left.

5. A: Where can we see a film in this neighbourhood?

B:

6. A: ?

B: There's an Internet café on Le Loi Street. First go past the traffic lights, and then turn left. Go to the end of the street. It's on your right.



2 Complete the following conversations about your neighbourhood. Then practise the conversations with a friend.

1. *Stranger:* Excuse me, is there a post office near here?

You: _____

2. *Visitor:* Excuse me, where is the bus stop?

You: _____

3. *Visitor:* Excuse me, I need some medicine. Is there a chemist's near here?

You: _____

4. *Visitor:* Excuse me, where is the bakery?

You: _____

5. *Visitor:* Excuse me, I'm lost. Where is the hospital?

You: _____

D

READING

1 Complete the letter using the words in the box.

turning so meet number until get

Dear Ha,

Let's (1) _____ on Sunday evening at Quynh Café on Tran Quang Dieu Street. There's a post office on the corner of the street. The café is next to the post office. There's a cinema opposite the café (2) _____ we can see a film after we have coffee.

To (3) _____ to the café, take bus (4) _____ 8 to Truong Thi Street. Get off at the bus stop in front of a park. Go along the street (5) _____ you get to the traffic lights and then turn right. Take the first (6) _____ on your right. Go straight ahead – just about 500 metres and it's on your left.

See you there!

Khang

2 Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D for each of the gaps to complete the following text.

OAK CITY

Oak City is a great city. There's so (1) _____ to do! There are cinemas, parks and discos. It's got some great clothes and music shops (2) _____.

Oak City is very modern and beautiful. There aren't any (3) _____ buildings and there's some beautiful (4) _____ around the city.

Is there any pollution in the Oak City? There isn't much pollution (5) _____ there isn't much traffic. Everyone travels (6) _____ bike and walks, so there aren't many accidents.

No one works, so everyone has got a lot of free time. Are there any unfriendly people in Oak City? No – so come and spend a little time here!

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. A. much | B. many | C. some | D. any |
| 2. A. neither | B. either | C. too | D. so |
| 3. A. beautiful | B. ugly | C. pretty | D. unpleasant |
| 4. A. scenery | B. scene | C. view | D. sight |
| 5. A. so | B. because | C. although | D. if |
| 6. A. on | B. in | C. with | D. by |

3 Read the e-mail and answer the following questions.



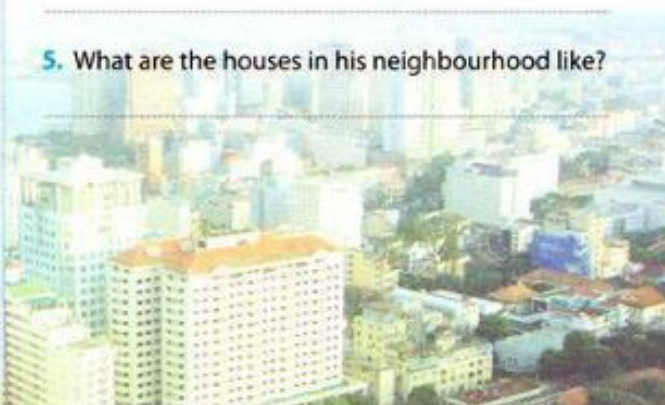
- Where is Nam staying now?

- Why is it very noisy around his hotel?

- What are the streets in his neighbourhood like?

- Is there a park in his neighbourhood?

- What are the houses in his neighbourhood like?



E

WRITING

- 1 Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets. Do not change the meaning of the sentences and do not change the form of the words.**

Example:

Nick likes to do computer studies. (FAVOURITE)

Computer studies is Nick's favourite subject.

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- Where is your neighbourhood? (in the city, near a city, in the country, in the mountain, etc.)
- What can you see in your neighbourhood? (streets, houses, trees, hills, shopping centres, schools, a cinema, etc.)
- What do the streets/the houses/the shops, etc. in your neighbourhood look like?
- Do you like living in your neighbourhood? Why/Why not?