

BÀI TẬP TIẾNG ANH LỚP 11 THEO UNIT**UNIT 10 NATURE IN DANGER CÓ ĐÁP ÁN****Bài tập tiếng Anh 11 Unit 10 Nature in danger có đáp án - Đề số 1****I. Circle the word with the underlined letter(s) pronounced differently from that of the others.**

1. A. <u>ch</u> emical	B. di <u>s</u> charge	C. <u>ch</u> ange	D. fea <u>t</u> ure
2. A. na <u>t</u> ure	B. na <u>t</u> ion	C. sugge <u>s</u> tion	D. si <u>t</u> uation
3. A. sca <u>t</u> ter	B. pa <u>n</u> da	C. ca <u>p</u> ture	D. deva <u>s</u> tate
4. A. da <u>n</u> ger	B. villa <u>g</u> e	C. ti <u>g</u> er	D. ori <u>g</u> in
5. A. su <u>p</u> ply	B. di <u>r</u> ty	C. en <u>e</u> rgy	D. ha <u>p</u> py
6. A. <u>s</u> wallow	B. <u>s</u> witch	C. <u>s</u> weet	D. <u>s</u> word
7. A. wi <u>l</u> d	B. prohi <u>b</u> it	C. en <u>v</u> ironment	D. survi <u>v</u> e
8. A. da <u>n</u> ger	B. ra <u>c</u> e	C. di <u>s</u> charge	D. mai <u>n</u> tenance
9. A. su <u>p</u> ply	B. su <u>r</u> vive	C. in <u>d</u> ustry	D. agri <u>c</u> ulture
10. A. <u>s</u> cenic	B. extin <u>c</u> t	C. de <u>c</u> rease	D. <u>c</u> oexist

II. Complete these sentences with the correct form of the verb in the list.

endanger; scatter; coexist ; pollute; devastate;

discharge; prohibit; survive; protect; capture;

1. Many birds didn't..... the severe winter.

2. Animals shouldn't be..... for recreation and entertainment.
3. The health of our children are being..... by exhaust fumes.
4. The factory was fined for..... chemicals into the river.
5. The explosion..... a flock of birds roosting in the trees.
6. Laws have been introduced to..... killing endangered animals.
7. The air in the city is heavily..... with traffic fumes.
8. The government should do more to..... the environment.
9. It is possible for local wildlife to..... with industry.
10. Western India was..... by a huge earthquake.

III. Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentences.

1. The panda's..... habitat is the bamboo forest.

A. nature

B. natural

C. naturalized

D. naturally
2. Learners can feel very..... if an exercise is too difficult.

A. courageous

B. encouraging

C. discouraged

D. discouragingly

3. The..... friendly products are designed not to harm the natural environment.

A. environment

B. environmental

C. environmentally

D. environmentalism

4. The waste from the chemical factory is extremely.....

A. harm

B. harmful

C. unharmed

D. harmless

5. People are destroying the air by adding..... to it.

A. pollutants

B. polluters

C. pollution

D. polluted

6. 14 per cent of primate species are highly.....

A. danger

B. dangerous

C. endanger

D. endangered

7. The..... of old buildings should be taken into consideration.

A. preserve

B. preservation

C. preservative

D. preserves

8. You have to be aware of the damage humans are doing to quicken the..... of wildlife.

A. extinct

B. extinctive

C. extinctions

D. extinction

9. Animal..... supporters gathered to protest' against hunting.

- A. protect
- B. protection
- C. protective
- D. protectionist

10. The main threat to the..... of these creatures comes from their loss of habitat.

- A. survive
- B. survivor
- C. survival
- D. survivable

IV. Join the sentence halves using which or whom after an appropriate preposition.

the furniture is to be delivered.; you should be aware.;

I had great respect.; I look up.;

most world trade was conducted.; the printer was supplied.;

she was divorced in 1995; it was named.;

we went on holiday. ; it was primarily written.;

1. My English teacher, Mrs. Brookes, was someone.....

2. Until 1914 the pound sterling was the currency.....

3. They have changed the date.....
4. Pasteurisation was discovered by the French chemist Louis Pasteur,.....
5. There are a number of safety procedures.....
6. Details are in the instruction manual.....
7. Ms. Peters was left the money by her former husband.....
8. She is one of the few people.....
9. This is a photograph of our friends.....
10. The book is enjoyed by adults as well as children.....

V. Combine the, following pairs or groups of sentences by means of relative pronouns, making any changes necessary.

1. Her many friends gave her encouragement. I like to be considered among them.

Her many friends.....

2. Her father died last year. She looked after him for over twenty years.

Her father.....

3. The bed has no mattress. I sleep on this bed.

The bed.....

4. There wasn't any directory in the telephone box. I was phoning from this box.

There wasn't.....

5. I was sitting on a chair. It suddenly collapsed.

The chair.....

6. Mr Smith said he was too busy to speak to me. I had come specially to see him.

Mr Smith.....

7. I saw several houses. Most of them were quite unsuitable.

I.....

8. Graham took us to his office. It was filled with books.

The office.....

9. Mr Marks is unhappy about the plans for the new dam. The stream flows across his farm.

Mr Marks.....

10. They picked up five boat-loads of refugees. Some of them had been at sea for several months.

They.....

11. Tom came to the party in patched jeans. This surprised the other guests. Most of the other guests were wearing evening dress.

Tom.....

12. The people didn't know French. He was speaking to these people.

The people.....

13. Mr Jones was very generous about overtime payments. I was working for him.

Mr Jones.....

14. The Roman coins are now on display in the National Museum. A local farmer came across them in a field.

The Roman coins.....

15. Professor Johnson is to visit the University next week. I have long looked up to him

Professor Johnson.....

VI. Suggest corrections or improvements to these sentences or write () if they are already correct.

1. The playground wasn't used by the children for who it was built.

2. The house into which the thieves broke is owned by Peter Brown.

3. The building from that Mr Marcus emerged was little more than a ruin.

4. The party, to which I've been looking forward all week, is at Mary's house.

5. The water that she fell into was freezing cold.

6. The college is home to 30 students from Nepal, almost all of who are studying economics.

7. I have heard her on the violin and clarinet, both which she plays extremely well.

8. It was the perfect tree under that to sit on a hot, sunny day.

9. The film was made at Tulloch Castle, part of it dates back to 1466.
10. A huge amount of oil was spilled, the effects of which are still being felt.

VII. Complete each of the sentences with an appropriate preposition.

1. A number of rare animals are now in danger..... extinction.
2. If people's interference..... the environment decreases, more species will survive and produce off-spring.
3. The government should do more to protect rare animals..... being extinct.
4. She believes there is life..... other planets.
5. The EU has imposed a ban..... the import of seal skins.
6. People are destroying the air by adding pollutants..... it.
7. Human beings are responsible..... the changes in the environment.
8. They are changing weather conditions by cutting..... trees in the forests.
9. National parks should be set..... to save animals and plants.
10. Raw sewage was discharged the treatment plant directly..... the river.

VIII. Write a passage about the tropical rainforest, using the cues given.

The tropical rainforests/ a delight/ people/ love nature. The forests/ beautiful woodlands/ receive/ plenty of rain.

Nowadays/ tropical rainforests/ danger/ extinction. Each year/ millions of acres/ rainforests/ clear/ make way/ population growth/ agriculture. This/ result/ the destruction/ millions of plants. This destruction/ cause/ some types of animals/ lose/ their natural habitat. Because/ this/ many species/ plants/ animals/ become/ extinct.

It/ important/ us/ save/ the tropical rainforests. Once/ tropical rainforest/ destroy/ it/ take/ hundreds of years/ before/ the forest/ re-establish.

Đáp án Bài tập tiếng Anh Unit 10 lớp 11 Nature in Danger

I. Circle the word with the underlined letter(s) pronounced differently from that of the others.

- 1 - A. chemical; 2 - B. nation; 3 - D. devastate; 4 - C. tiger; 5 - A. supply;
6 - D. sword; 7 - B. prohibit; 8 - C. discharge; 9 - D. agriculture; 10 - A. scenic;

II. Complete these sentences with the correct form of the verb in the list.

- 1 - survive; 2 - captured; 3 - endangered; 4 - discharging; 5 - scattered;
6 - prohibit; 7 - polluted; 8 - protect; 9 - coexist ;10 - devastated;

III. Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentences.

- 1 - b. natural; 2 - c. discouraged; 3 - c. environmentally; 4 - b. harmful; 5 - a. pollutants;
6 - d. endangered; 7 - b. preservation; 8 - d. extinction; 9 - B. protection; 10 - C. survival ;

IV. Join the sentence halves using which or whom after an appropriate preposition.

- 1 - for whom I had great respect.

2 - in/ with which most world trade was conducted

3 - on/ by which the furniture is to be delivered.

4 - after whom it was named

5 - of which you should be aware

6 - with which the printer was supplied.

7 - from whom she was divorced in 1995.

8 - to whom I look up.

9 - with whom we went on holiday

10 - for whom it was primarily written

V. Combine the, following pairs or groups of sentences by means of relative pronouns, making any changes necessary.

1 - Her many friends, among whom I like to be considered, gave her encouragement.

2 - Her father, who she looked after for over twenty years, died last year.

3 - The bed (which/that) I sleep on has no mattress./ The bed on which I sleep has no mattress.

4 - There wasn't any directory in the telephone box, (which/that) I was phoning from.

5 - The chair (which/that) I was sitting on suddenly collapsed./ The chair on which I was sitting suddenly collapsed.

6 - Mr Smith, whom I had come specially to see, was too busy to speak to me.

7 - I saw several houses, most of which were quite unsuitable.

8 - The office (that/which) Graham took us to was filled with books.

9 - Mr Marks, whose farm the stream flows across, is unhappy about the plans for the new dam./

Mr Marks, across whose farm the stream flows, is unhappy about the plans for the new dam./

10 - They picked up five boat-loads of refugees, some of which had been at sea for several months.

11 - Tom came to the party in patched jeans, which surprised the other guests, most of whom were wearing evening dress.

12 - The people (who(m)/ that) he was speaking to didn't know French./

The people to whom he was speaking didn't know French.

13 - Mr Jones, who(m) I was working for, was very generous about overtime payments./

Mr Jones, for whom I was working, was very generous ...

14 - The Roman coins, which a local farmer came across in a field, are now on display in the National Museum.

15 - Professor Johnson, who(m) I have long looked up to, is to visit the University next week.!

Professor Johnson, to whom I have long looked up, is to visit the University next week

VI. Suggest corrections or improvements to these sentences or write () if they are already correct.

1. who → whom

2. into which the thieves broke → which the thieves broke into

3. that → which

4. to which → which I've been looking forward to

5. True

6. who → whom

7. both which → both of which

8. that → which

9. it → which

10. True

VII. Complete each of the sentences with an appropriate preposition.

1 - of; 2 - in; 3 - from; 4 - on; 5 - on;

6 - to; 7 - for; 8- down; 9- up; 10 - from - into;

VIII. Write a passage about the tropical rainforest, using the cues given. The tropical rainforests are a delight to people who love nature. The forests are beautiful woodlands which receive plenty of rain.

Nowadays, tropical rainforests are in danger of extinction. Each year millions of acres of rainforests are cleared to make way for population growth and agriculture. This results in the destruction of millions of plants. In turn, this destruction causes some types of animals to lose their natural habitat. Because of this, many species of plants and animals are becoming extinct.

It is important for us to save the tropical rainforests. Once a tropical rainforest is destroyed, it will take hundreds of years before the forest can be re-established.

Bài tập tiếng Anh Unit 10 lớp 11 Nature in danger có đáp án - Đề số 2

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. scatter B. nature C. danger D. race
2. A. exactly B. exist C. exhaust D. extinguish
3. A. feature B. species C. weather D. decrease
4. A. survive B. prohibit C. fertilizer D. environment
5. A. decreased B. influenced C. endangered D. established

II. LANGUAGE FOCUS

A. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C, or D that best completes the sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

6. What exactly is the influence of air pollution..... human beings?

A. to B. with C. on D. for

7. The campaign will hopefully ensure the survival..... the tiger.

A. of B. for C. to D. on

8. It is possible for local wildlife to coexist..... industry.

A. to B. of C. in D. with

9. The health of our children is being..... by exhaust fumes.

A. danger B. endanger C. dangerous D. endangered

10. The society was set up to..... endangered species from extinction.

A. prevent B. distinguish C. preserve D. survive

11. If people stop destroying animal's natural habitat, more species will survive and produce.....

A. offspring B. ecology C. landscape D. benefit

12. People in this region cultivate mainly rice and vegetables.

A. destroy B. grow C. develop D. support

13. Among the problems facing the national park's manager, the most serious ones are those of..... and expansion.

A. improvement B. reassessment C. distinction D. maintenance

14. Oil spills are having a devastating effect on coral reefs in the ocean.

A. powerful B. significant C. disastrous D. detectable

15. The factory was fined for..... chemicals into the river.

A. discharging B. dumping C. producing D. exposing.

B. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C, or D that best completes the sentence.

16. Jean Fragonard was a French artist..... portrait of children.

A. whose paintings B. who has painted

C. who painted D. whose painted

17. The smoke from burning fuels causes pollution if it..... into the atmosphere.

A. releases B. is released C. will be released D. released.

18. Portland, Maine, is..... the poet Henry Wadsworth Longfellow spent his early years.

A. where B. it where C. where is D. which is where

19. Walkers can unwittingly damage the fragile environment.....

A. that the birds live B. where the birds live in

C. which live the birds D. in which the birds live

20. Wild animals..... in their natural habitat will have a better and longer life than those which are kept in protected areas.

A. live B. to live C. living D. lived

21. There should be some measures to protect the humpback whale,..... an endangered species.

A. to consider B. considered C. consider D. is considered

22. We should participate in the movement..... to conserve the natural environment.

A. organized B. to organize C. organizing D. organize

23. The purchase of wild animals.....

A. should ban B. must ban C. have to be banned D. must be banned

24. The school has been given 20 computers, half of..... are brand new.

A. that B. those C. them D. which

25. The computer,..... the memory capacity has just been upgraded, is among the latest generations.

A. that B. whose C. of which D. which of

C. Choose word or phrase - A, B, C or D – that needs correcting.

26. Despite of (A) a language barrier, humans (B) have managed to communicate with others (C) through sign language, in which (D) certain motions stand for letters, words, or ideas.

27. Radio stations at which (A) broadcast only news (B) first appeared (C) in the (D) 1970s.

28. JKL Motorbikes sells (A) six different models, the first which (B) they started (C) making (D) in 1985.

29. Visitors were (A) not permitted entering (B) the park after dark because of (C) the lack of (D) security and lighting.

30. If Monique had not attended (A) the party, she never would meet (B) her old friend Dan, whom (C) she had not seen (D) in years.

II. READING

A. Fill in each blank with one appropriate word from the box.

represents fueled oversee alarming lost imported

establish reduced covered sought derived cleared.

The rate at which the deforestation of the world is proceeding is (31)..... In the 1950 approximately 25 percent of the earth's land surface had been (32)..... with forests, and less than twenty-five years later the amount of the forest land was (33)..... to 20 percent. This decrease from 25 percent to 20 percent from 1950 to 1973 (34)..... an astounding 20 million square kilometers of forests. Predictions are that all, additional 20 million square kilometers of forest land will be (35)..... by 2020.

The majority of deforestation is occurring in the tropical forests in developing countries, (36)..... by the developing countries' need for increased agricultural land and the desire on the part of developed countries to import wood and wood products. More than 90 percent of the plywood

used in the United States, for example, is (37)..... from, developing countries with tropical rain forests. By the mid-1980s, solutions to this expanding problem were being (38)..... , in the form of attempts to (39)..... an international regulatory organization to (40)..... the use of tropical forests.

B. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answers.

The natural world is under violent assault from man.

The seas and rivers are being poisoned by radioactive wastes, by chemical discharges and by the dumping of dangerous toxins and raw sewage. The air we breathe is polluted by smoke and fumes from factories and motor vehicles; even the rain is poisoned.

It's little wonder forests and lakes are being destroyed and everywhere wildlife is disappearing. Yet the destruction continues.

Governments and industries throughout the world are intensifying their efforts to extract the earth's mineral riches and to plunder its living resources. The great rainforests and the frozen continents alike are seriously threatened. And this despite the warnings of the scientific community and the deep concern of millions of ordinary people.

Despite the fact, too, that we can create environmentally-clean industries, harness the power of the sun, wind and waves for our energy needs and manage the finite resources of the Earth in a way that will safeguard our future and protect all the rich variety of life forms which share this planet with us.

But there is still hope. The forces of destruction are being challenged across the globe - and at the spearhead of this challenge is Greenpeace.

Wherever the environment is in danger, Greenpeace has made a stand.

Its scientific presentations and peaceful direct actions at sea and on land have shocked governments and industries into an awareness that Greenpeace will not allow the natural world to be destroyed. Those actions, too, have won the admiration and support of millions.

Now you can strengthen the thin green line; you can make your voice heard in defence of the living world by joining Greenpeace today. Thank God someone's making waves.

41. Which of these statements is not made?

A. Drinking water is polluted. B. Radioactive waste poisons the sea.

C. Sewage isn't processed. D. Cars and factories poison the air.

42. The writer.....

A. is surprised that the rain is poisoned.

B. is unsure why the air is polluted.

C. wonders why the natural world is being destroyed.

D. understands why forests and lakes are being destroyed.

43. Rainforests are being destroyed because governments and industries.....

A. are unaware of what they're doing wrong.

B. are rich and powerful.

C. choose to ignore criticism.

D. basically care about the environment.

44. The earth's resources.....

A. should only be for people B. can be made to last longer.

C. will last forever. D. belong to just humans and animals

45. Governments and industries.....

A. don't know what Greenpeace thinks.

B. are forced to understand the problems by Greenpeace.

C. can easily ignore Greenpeace.

D. misunderstand what Greenpeace thinks.

III. WRITING

Choose the sentence A, B, C or D which is closest in meaning to the printed sentence.

46. The children made every effort to please their parents.

A. The children made little effort to please their parents.

B. The children tried their best to please their parents.

C. The parents were pleased with their children's effort.

D. The children made no attempt to please their parents.

47. Scientists say forests are being destroyed by air pollution.

A. Scientists blame air pollution for the destruction of forests.

B. Scientists are blamed for destroying forests.

C. Scientists say that there's much air pollution in the forests.

D. Forests are being destroyed by scientists.

48. I would be very grateful if you could send me the document.

A. I would appreciate your sending me the document.

B. I was very grateful for your document.

C. I'm upset about your not sending me the document.

D. Do not send me the document, please.

49. 'You should have finished the report by now.' John told his secretary.

A. John reproached his secretary for not having finished the report.

B. John said that his secretary had not finished the report.

C. John reminded his secretary of finishing the report on time.

D. John scolded his secretary for not having finished the report.

50. That young man is bound to fail in this test.

A. Certainly, that young man will fail in this test.

B. It would be impossible for that young man to fail this test.

C. There is no way that young man can succeed in this test.

D. A and C are correct

ĐÁP ÁN

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

1 - a; 2 - d; 3 - c; 4 - b; 5 - c;

II. LANGUAGE FOCUS

A. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C, or D that best completes the sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

6 - c; 7 - a; 8 - d; 9 - d; 10 - c;

11 - a; 12 - b; 13 - d; 14 - c; 15 - a;

B. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C, or D that best completes the sentence.

16 - c; 17 - b; 18 - a; 19 - d; 20 - c;

21 - b; 22 - a; 23 - d; 24 - d; 25 - c;

C. Choose word or phrase - A, B, C or D – that needs correcting.

26 - A (Despite); 27 - A (which); 28 - B (of which);

29 - B (to enter); 30 - B (would have never met)

II. READING

A. Fill in each blank with one appropriate word from the box.

(31) alarming; (32) covered; (33) reduced; (34) represents; (35) lost;

(36) fueled; (37) imported; (38) sought; (39) establish; 40) oversee;

B. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answers

41 - a; 42 - d; 43 - c; 44 - b; 45 - b;

IV. WRITING

Choose the sentence - a, b, c or d – which is closest in meaning to the printed sentence

46 - b; 47 - a; 48 - a; 49 - a; 50 - d;

Bài tập Unit 10 tiếng Anh lớp 11 có đáp án - Đề số 3

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others.

1. a. protect b. prohibit c. pollute d. cultivate
2. a. agriculture b. extinction c. environment d. establishment
3. a. nature b. dangerous c. interfered d. devastating
4. a. capture b. discharge c. survive d. extinct
5. a. fertilizer b. interference c. maintenance d. offspring

II. LANGUAGE FOCUS

A. Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentence.

6. The government is thinking of bringing _____ a law to prohibit the killing of endangered animals.
a. on b. up c. in d. round
7. In some countries environmental organizations have been _____ to inform people and gain their support.
a. made up b. set up c. brought up d. taken up
8. We continue to _____ rainforests and increase the dangers of global warming.
a. cut off b. cut in c. cut out d. cut down
9. In some countries there have been widespread demands for the _____ of seal hunting.

a. extinction b. disappearance c. abolition d. establishment

10. Some people have a more _____ attitude towards animals than they do towards children.

a. human b. humane c. humanized d. humanistic

11. _____ aren't effective anymore because insects have become resistant to them.

a. Fertilizers b. Pesticides c. Herbicides d. Composts

12. They started a campaign to _____ smoking among teenagers.

a. encourage b. decrease c. discourage d. prohibit

13. If we do not take steps to protect the world's wild life, many species of birds and animals are likely to _____ completely.

a. die out b. die down c. die away d. die from

14. The Earth will be a planet where' human beings, animals and plants live in peaceful _____.

a. cooperation b. coordination c. corporation d. coexistence

15. Overharvesting brought North American alligators to _____ in their natural habitats.

a. nearly extinct b. near extinction c. extinct near d. extinction nearly

B. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C, or D that best completes the sentence.

16. The environmentalists hope the forest to its former condition.

A. to restore

B. restoring

C. restored

D. having restored

17. Several cars owners had parked them under the trees, were damaged.

A. their

B. of which

C. whom

D. whose

18. My English teacher, Mrs Brookes, was someone ... I had great respect.

A. that

B. whom

C. for who

D. for whom

19. If coastal erosion continues to take place at the present rate, in another fifty years this beach anymore.

A. doesn't exist

B. isn't going to exist

C. isn't existing

D. won't be existing

20. She joined the local tennis club, were at least 60.

A. most of its members

B. most whose members

C. most of whose members

D. most members

21. Since 1950 the world nearly one-fifth of the top soil from its agricultural land and one-fifth of its tropical forests.

A. was losing

B. is losing

C. had been lost

D. has lost

22. A lack of cross-cultural awareness can result in misinterpretation,

A. that offense may cause

B. which may cause offense

C. those may cause offense

D. for which may cause offense

23. So thick and rich of Illinois that early settlers there were unable to force a plow through it.

A. as the soil

B. the soil was

C. was the soil

D. the soil

24. Fleming's discovery of penicillin,, had a major influence on the lives of people in the 20th century.

A. awarded the Nobel Prize

B. which awarded the Nobel Prize

C. that he was awarded the Nobel Prize for

D. for which he was awarded the Nobel Prize

25. think of metallurgy as a modern field of science, but it is actually one of the oldest.

A. Although many people

B. Many people

C. Many people who

D. That many people

C. Choose the word or phrase - a, b, cor d - that needs correcting.

26. Among us (A) students are many foreigners (B) whose (C) attend language classes
at the (D) south campus.
27. Is it right that politicians (A) should make (B) important decisions without consulting (C) the
public to who (D) they are accountable?
28. The environment where (A) wild animals are living (B) is now badly (C) destroying (D).
29. AU nations may have to make (A) fundamental changes in (B) their economic, political, and the
technological institutions (C) if they are to preserve (D) the environment.
30. Soon after Mel has finished (A) his thesis, he will leave (B) for Boston, where (C) he has a job
waiting on him (D).
31. Many of the (A) important products obtained (B) from trees, one of the most (C) important is
wood pulp, which is used in paper-making (D).
32. Biochemists have solved (A) many of the mysteries (B) about photosynthesis, the process which
(C) plants make food (D).
33. Air pollution, together with (A) littering, are (B) causing (C) many problems in our large (D),
industrial cities today.
34. The area where (A) a microchip (B) is manufactured must be (C) the most cleanest (D)
environment possible.
35. The mining (A) of materials often bring about (B) the destruction (C) of landscapes and wildlife
(D) habitats.

III. READING

A. Read the text below and decide which answer- a, b, c or d - best fits each space.

In the 1972 the Australian government (36) _____ a quota system which allowed a (n) (37) _____ number of kangaroos to be killed or 'culled' every year. Legislation was introduced because farmers claimed that the kangaroos were (38) _____ their crops. The problem is that (39) _____ two and a half million kangaroos can be killed legally each year, a further two and a half million are killed illegally. The animals are killed for a variety of (40) _____. The main one, however, is that kangaroo meat is sold for human (41) _____ usually in the (42) _____ of steaks - or is used as pet food. There are also thousands of dollars to be made (43) _____ the sale of their skins.

The environmental group Greenpeace and Australia's Animal Liberation (AAL) are now campaigning for a ban (44) _____ the sale of all kangaroo products. They (45) _____ that this will stop unscrupulous farmers killing the animal for (46) _____. A spokesperson for AAL said, 'People aren't concerned because there are still (47) _____ six million kangaroos in Australia so they are (48) _____ an endangered species. People just don't care about (49) _____ like this unless there is a real threat. But we know certain types have already become extinct in some areas. We must act now (50) _____ it is too late.

36. a. introduced b. produced c. turned out d. offered

37. a. approximate b. certain c. estimated d. unknown

38. a. enriching b. injuring c. ruining d. spoiling

39. a. while b. because c. when d. unless

40. a. results b. pretexts c. excuses d. reasons

41. a. consumption b. need c. employment d. usage

42. a. shape b. disguise c. form d. figure

43. a. by b. during c. for d. from

44. a. on b. of c. for d. against

45. A. claim B. hope C. wonder D. consider

46. A. interest B. profit C. benefit D. advantage

47. A. exceedingly B. another C. over D. above

48. A. never B. hardly C. seldom D. unlikely

49. A. issues B. tasks C. duties D. cases

50. A. when B. unless C. until D. before

B. Read the text carefully then choose the correct answers.

Since the world became industrialized, the number of animal species that have either become extinct or have neared extinction has increased. Bengal tigers, for instance, which 'once roamed the jungles in vast numbers, now number only about 2,300. By the year 2025, it is estimated that they will become extinct.

What is alarming about the case of the Bengal tiger is that this extinction will have been caused almost entirely by poachers who, according to some sources, are not always interested in material gain but in personal gratification. This is an example of the callousness that is contributing to the problem of extinction. Animals such as the Bengal tiger, as well as other endangered species, are valuable parts of the world's ecosystem. International laws protecting these animals must be enacted to ensure their survival - and the survival of our planet.

Countries around the world have begun to deal with the problem in various ways. Some countries, in an effort to circumvent the problem, have allocated large amounts of land to animal reserves. They then charge admission prices to help defray the costs of maintaining the parks, and they often must also depend on world organizations for support. This money enables them to invest in equipment and patrols to protect the animals. Another response to the increase in animal extinction is an international boycott of products made from endangered species. This has' had some effect, but by itself It will not prevent animals from being hunted and killed.

51. What is the main topic of the passage?

- a. The Bengal tiger b. International boycotts
- c. Endangered species d. Problems with industrialization

52. The word 'poachers' used in line 7 could be best replaced by which of the followings?

- a. Illegal hunters b. Enterprising researchers.
- c. Concerned scientists d. Trained hunters

53. What is an act of cruelty according to the passage?

- a. Having interest in material gain.
- b. Hunting endangered animals.
- c. Killing animals for personal satisfaction.
- d. Causing the problem of extinction..

54. Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage as a way to protect animals from extinction?

- a. Introduce laws to prohibit the killing of endangered animals.
- b. Establish wildlife reserves.
- c. Refuse to buy animal products.
- d. Raise money to invest in equipment and patrol.

55. Which of the following best describes the author's attitude?

- a. Forgiving b. Surprised c. Vindictive d. Concerned

IV. WRITING

A. From the four words or phrases A, B, C or D - choose the one that best completes the sentence.

56. The soybean, a plant native to China and Japan, has become _____ in the United States farming community.

- a. one of the most popular crops
- b. as one of the most popular crops
- c. only of the most popular crops
- d. one popular crops most are in

57. Declared an endangered species in the United States, _____.

- a. people have gathered the ginseng root almost to the point of extinction
- b. the near extinction of the ginseng root is due to excessive gathering

c. the ginseng root has been gathered almost to the point of extinction

d. gathering the ginseng root almost to the point of extinction.

58. Of all the endangered South American birds, the jacana has been _____.

a. difficult the most to protect

b. protected the most difficult

c. to protect the most difficult

d. the most difficult to protect

59. _____, Luxor did not reach preeminence until about 2000 B. C. E.

a. Many centuries earlier it was founded

b. Although founded many centuries earlier

c. The city founded centuries earlier

d. Founding the city centuries earlier.

60. Deep in the Rio Bec area of Mexico's Yucatan Peninsula _____.

a. does a 1,250-year-old pyramid lie

b. lies a 1,250-year-old pyramid

c. a 1,250-year-old pyramid lie

d. is a 1,250-year-old pyramid lying

B. Choose the sentence - a, b, c or d - which is closest in meaning to the original one.

61. The boys must have gone to the sports ground.

a. The boys insisted on going to the sports ground.

b. The boys had better go to the sports ground.

c. The boys were forced to go to the sports ground.

d. The boys probably went to the sports ground.

62. There aren't many other books which explain this problem so well.

a. In few other books would one see this problem so well explained.

b. This book is very well explained and had no problem..

c. This is the only book which explains the problem so well.

d. This problem is explained very well in this book as well as in many other books.

63. The meeting was put off because of the pressure of time.

a. The meeting lasted much longer than usual..

b. People wanted to get away, so the meeting began early.

c. The meeting is planned to start in a short time.

d. There was not enough time to hold the meeting.

64. No one in the family is more sympathetic than Laura.

- a. The people in the house is not sympathetic at all.
 - b. Laura is very sympathetic.
 - c. Laura is more sympathetic than many people in the house.
 - d. Laura is the most sympathetic of all the people in the house
65. Tom would sooner do without a car than pay all that money for one.
- a. Tom is soon going to buy a car.
 - b. Tom thinks the price is right, but he can't afford it.
 - c. Tom would never buy a car that costs so much.
 - d. Tom thinks the price is too high, but he must have the car.

ĐÁP ÁN

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others.

1 - D; 2 - A; 3 - C; 4 - A; 5 - B;

II. LANGUAGE FOCUS

A. Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentence.

6 - C; 7 - B; 8 - D; 9 - C; 10 - B;

11 - B; 12 - C; 13 - A; 14 - D; 15 - B;

B. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C, or D that best completes the sentence.

16 - A; 17 - D; 18 - D; 19 - D; 20 - C;

21 - D; 22 - B; 23 - C; 24 - D; 25 - B;

C. Choose the word or phrase - a, b, cor d - that needs correcting.

26 - C (who); 27 - D (to whom); 28 - D (destroyed); 29 - C (bỏ the); 30 - D (for him);

31 - A (Of the many); 32 - C (the progress by which); 33 - B (is); 34 - D (cleanest); 35 - B (brings about)

III. READING**A. Read the text below and decide which answer- a, b, c or d - best fits each space.**

36 - A; 37 - B; 38 - C; 39 - A; 40 - D;

41 - A; 42 - C; 43 - D; 44 - A; 45 - B;

46 - B; 47 - C; 48 - B; 49 - A; 50 - D;

B. Read the text carefully then choose the correct answers.

51 - C; 52 - A; 53 - C; 54 - D; 55 - D;

IV. WRITING**A. From the four words or phrases A, B, C or D - choose the one that best completes the sentence.**

56 - A; 57 - C; 58 - D; 59 - B; 60 - B;

B. Choose the sentence - a, b, c or d - which is closest in meaning to the original one.

61 - D; 62 - A; 63 - D; 64 - D; 65 - C;

Bài tập tự luận tiếng Anh 11 Unit 10 Nature in danger có đáp án - Đề số 4

A. PHONETICS

I. Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the other words.

- 1) A. supply B. dirty C. energy D. happy
2) A. decreaseded B. influenced C. endangered D. established
3) A. answer B. sweater C. swim D. sure

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1. A	2. C	3. D
------	------	------

II. Circle the word that has stress pattern different from that of the other words.

- 4) A. nature B. danger C. human D. environment
5) A. exist B. species C. effect D. condition
6) A. forest B. water C. destroy D. industry

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4. D	5. B	6. C
------	------	------

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

*** Circle the best answer for each sentence.**

7) Many rare ____ of animals are in danger of extinction.

- A. species
C. classes
D. beings

D. pairs

8) People are destroying the environment by adding ____ to it.

A. pollutes

B. pollutions

C. pollutives

D. pollutants

9) Many efforts have been made to protect ____ nature.

A. danger

B. dangerous

C. endanger

D. endangered

10) Many species of animals are threatened and could easily become ____.

A. disappeared

B. vanished

C. empty

D. extinct

11) Many animals are ____ for their fur and other valuable parts of their bodies.

A. hunted

B. chased

C. run after

D. Followed

12) They started a campaign to ____ smoking among teenagers.

A. encourage

B. decrease

C. discourage

D. prohibit

13) Dinosaurs became ____ millions of years go.

A. disappear

B. extinct

C. lost

D. endangered

14) The chemical ____ from cars and factories make the air, water and soil dangerously dirty.

A. pollution

B. polluted

C. pollutants

D. pollute

15) Human beings are ____ for the changes in the environment.

A. account

B. faulty

C. blame

D. responsible

16) By cutting down trees, we ____ the natural habitat of birds and animals.

A. hurt

B. would

C. damage

D. injure

17) ___ aren't effective anymore because insects have become resistant to them.

A. Fertilizer

B. Pesticides

C. Herbicides

D. Composts

18) They started a campaign to ____ smoking among teenagers.

A. encourage

B. decrease

C. discourage

D. prohibit

19) He is the singer about ____ I often tell you.

A. that

B. who

C. whom

D. him

20) The concert ____ I listened last weekend was boring.

A. to that

B. to which

C. for what

D. for which

21) That's the girl to ____ my brother got engaged.

A. which

B. who

C. whom

D. her

22) I like the village ____ I used to live.

A. in that

B. in where

C. which

D. in which

23) I don't know the reason ____ she hasn't talked to me recently.

A. on which

B. for which

C. of which

D. about which

24) The little girl ____ I borrowed this pen has gone.

A. whose

B. from who

C. from that

D. from whom

25) The speech ____ we listened last night was information.

A. to which

B. which to

C. to that

D. that

26) The boy to ____ I lent my money is poor.

A. that

B. who

C. whom

D. B and C

27) The knife ____ we cut bread is very sharp.

A. with that

B. which

C. with which

D. That

28) The authority gathered those villagers ____ they explained the importance of forests.

A. who

B. whom

C. to whom

D. to that

Đáp án

7. A	8. D	9. D	10. D	11. A	12. D
13. B	14. C	15. D	16. C	17. B	18. D
19. C	20. B	21. C	22. B	23. D	24. D
25. A	26. C	27. C	28. C		

C. READING * Read the passage carefully then circle the correct answers.

Many environmental experts are pessimistic about the future of our (29) _____. They say that in the next few years harmful (30) _____ will further damage the (31) _____ layer, there will be more losses of irreplaceable tropical (32) _____, and serious (33) _____ pollution will cause the (34) _____ itself to change. They also warn us that Third World (35) _____ will continue to suffer ecological (36) _____, while the (37) _____ countries consume the vast majority of the world's (38) _____. Animals are also at (39) _____. It is feared that some (40) _____ species may soon die out, as their natural (41) _____ are destroyed. In some cases, the only way to save rare species from (42) _____ is to breed them in (43) _____.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 29) A. country | B. planet | C. society | D. life |
| 30) A. chemicals | B. animals | C. species | D. plants |
| 31) A. oxygen | B. dioxide | C. carbon | D. ozone |
| 32) A. climate | B. weather | C. rainforests | D. rain |
| 33) A. air | B. land | C. soil | D. noise |
| 34) A. weather | B. rain | C. climate | D. storm |
| 35) A. representatives | B. countries | C. parties | D. governments |
| 36) A. results | B. disasters | C. consequences | D. problems |
| 37) A. poor | B. developing | C. European | D. rich |
| 38) A. sources | B. fuels | C. materials | D. resources |
| 39) A. risk | B. danger | C. accidents | D. unfortunate |

- 40) A. savage B. dangerous C. endangered D. dangered
- 41) A. environment B. habitats C. resources D. disasters
- 42) A. distinction B. instinct C. extension D. extinction
- 43) A. captivity B. caption C. captive D. capsule

Đáp án

29. B	30. A	31. D	32. C	33. A
34. C	35. B	36. B	37. D	38. B
39. A	40. C	41. B	42. A	43. D

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